

# CHARMA DISTRICT COUNCIL ACT NO.1 OF 1982 THE CHARMAAUTONOMOUS DISTRICT COUNCIL (AGRICULTURAL LAND) ACT, 1982

### NOTIFICATION

No. DCA/R-8/79/36, the 25<sup>th</sup> January, 1983, In pursuance of paragraph 11 of the sixth schedule to the constitution of India, the following Act, made by the Chakma Distirct Council under paragraph 3 of said schedule and assented to by the Administrator of Mizoram is hereby published for general information.

(J.W. SUNDRA RAJ)
Secretary to the Govt. of Mizoram.
District Council Affairs Department.

Chakma District Council Act No. 1 of 1982 The Chakma Autonomous District (Agricultural Land ) Act, 1982

### THE CHKAMA AUTONOMOUS DISTRICT COUNCIL ( <u>AGRICULTURAL LAND</u>) BILL, 1982 <u>AN ACT</u>.

to provide for the control and allotment of land for agriculture in the Chakma Autonomous District.

PREAMBLE: - Whereas it is expedient to provide for the control and allotment of land and for the improvement of agriculture within the Chakma Autonomous District. It is hereby enacted in the Thirty-third year of the Republic of India as follows:-

- 1. SHORT TITLE EXTENT AND COMMENCEMENT :-
  - (I) This Act may be called the Chakma Autonomous District (Agricultural Land) Act. 1982
  - (2) It extents to the whole of the Chakma Autonomous District.
  - (3) It shall come into force at once.
- 2. DEFINITIONS: In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:-
  - (1) "Administrator "means the administer of the Union Territory of Mizoram appointed by the President of India under Article 293 of the Constitution;
  - (2) "agriculture" includes any cultivation of land or soil for cereals, fruits and other edible or in-edible plants including flowers and trees for timbers and other products.
  - (3) "allotment" with respect to land means allotted in writing by the Executive Committee or any Officer authorised by it in writing and registered in the Chakma District Council Office;
  - (4) "District" means the Chakma Autonomous District;
  - (5) "District Council" means the Chakma Autonomous District Council;
  - (6) "Executive Committee" means the Executive Committee of the Chakma District Council;
  - (7) "farm" means farms for cattle, poultry, fishery or piggery;
  - (8) "fishery" means an area or areas of any stream or water pond suitable for rearing and catching fish;
  - (9) "garden" means any land cultivated for fruits, vegetables, sugarcane or other plantations including flowers, bamboos, trees for timbers and other products:
  - (10) "land" means all lands either vacant or occupied within the Chakma District and also benefits to arise out of lands and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to any thing attached to the earth, but shall not include minerals, mineral oil, natural gas or petroleum;

(11)"poundy" means any lands cultivated along the river bank for fruits vegetables and other products;

(12)"prescribed" means prescribed by rules;

(13)" wet cultivation" means and area or areas suitable for permanent cultivation and used for such purposes and shall also include terraces for permanent cultivation and wet paddy cultivation;

(14)" vacant land" means any land which has not been allotted to any one whether occupied or unoccupied and over which nobody has acquired any right.

3. APPLICATION OF THE ACT:- This Act shall apply to all lands within the District. except the following:-

(1) Lands included in the State reserved forest.

(2) The soil of all Government and public roads.

(3) All lands in the Council reserved forest and any other area or areas as may be notified from time to time by the Executive Committee.

### 4. ALLOTMENT:-

(1) The Executive Committee or any Officer authorised by it in writing in this behalf shall have the power to allot any vacant land for the purpose of garden or wet cultivation. poundy cultivation or any farm.

(2) All such allotment shall be made by issue of periodic Patta, in a prescribed form in which the location, boundary description and the area in hectares of the allotment shall

be clearly and specifically defined.

(3) Permanent Settlement Patta on any plot of land for any purpose to any person shall be issued only after the lapse of 3 (three) years from the date of issue of periodic Patta for that plot of land.

Provided that the land should have been properly reclaimed and brought under regular cultivation or put to use for the purpose for which periodic Patta was issued and

tax paid without default.

(4) The Executive Committee may, by rules, impose such conditions and terms as it may deem reasonable on all allotments of lands made under sub-sections (1),(2) and (3) of this section in the interest of general public or of scheduled tribes.

(5) The Executive Committee or the Officer authorized by it in writing in this behalf may

donate any land for purpose of plantation or garden or farm to the Government.

5. LAND TO BE OCCUPIED UNDER PATTA:- No person shall occupy and take possession of any land unless allotted and periodic patta or patta obtained in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

# 6. PATTA FOR LANDS ALREADY OCCUPIED:-

(1) All lands already occupied under any pass or permit granted by any authority before the commencement of this Act shall have to be registered and fresh periodic patta or patta obtained from the District Council within such time and in such manner and on payment of such fees as may be prescribed.

(2) Failure to carry out the provisions of sub-section(1) and the rules made there under may

entail cancellation of the pass or permit by the Executive Committee.

Provided that due notice is served to the person concerned.

Provided further that the Executive Committee shall not refuse fresh periodic patta or patta, as the case may be, in any case where registration is applied for in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) and the rules there under.

## 7. RIGHTS OVER LAND:-

(1) The patta holder shall have heritable and transferable rights of use on or of sub-letting, in his land subject to:-

(1) The payment of all revenues and taxes from time to time legally assessed or imposed in

respect of the land;

(ii) Such terms and conditions as are imposed by rules made under this Act.

Provided that periodic patta holder shall have such rights only during the terms of the periodic patta.

(2) No person shall acquire by length of possession or otherwise any right over land disposed of allotted or occupied unless registered and periodic, patta or patta obtained in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

REGISTRATION:- The Executive Committee or any Officer authorized by it in writing in this behalf shall maintain a register of land records which all allotments of land shall be registered.

Provided that the Executive Committee or such Officer may refuse to register of any unauthorized garden or wet-cultivation or poundy cultivation or farm and in such case such land shall be deemed to be open for allotment by the appropriate authority.

- 9. TRANSFER OF LANDS:-Any transfer in respect of any registered garden or wet-cultivation or poundy cultivation due to sale or otherwise shall be reported to the Executive Committee or any Officer authorized by it in writing in this behalf for necessary incorporation in the register, failing which the permit or pass or periodic patta or patta, as the case may be, liable to be cancelled.
- 10. EVICTION:- (1) If any person is found to be in possession of land otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Act, any Officer authorized by the Executive Committee may evict the person after serving a notice on him requiring him to vacate the land within the period to be specified by the authority and to remove any building fence which may have been raised on such land, subject to the condition that crops, actually growing on the land may be allowed to remain till they are ripe for ensuing harvest.
  - (2) Any person aggrieved by an order under sub-section (1) of this section may, within a period of sixty days from the date of issue such order, proper an appeal to the Executive Committee. Every order passed in appeal under this section shall be final.
- 11. CANCELLATION OF ALLOTMENT IN PUBLIC INTEREST:- The Executive Committee may cancel or take possession of any allotted land on greater public interest.

Provided that the land holder shall receive an amount of money to be fixed by the Executive Committee as compensation for the land.

### 12. PANALTY:-

- (1) If any person contravenes any of the provision of this Act, or the rules there under, he shall be liable to be fine which may extent to Rs, 500/- (five hundred rupees) and in case of continuing breach to a further fine which may extent to ten rupees for each day during which the breach continues.
- (2) The Executive Committee may impose fine for the contravention of any provision of this Act or any rules there under to the extent prescribed in sub-section (1) of this section after giving reasonable opportunity for hearing and recording the reasons and findings of all facts on which the order is based.
- 13. RULES:- Subject to the previous approval of the Administrator, the Executive Committee may make rules for carrying out the provision of the Act.
- 14. POWER OF ADMINISTRATOR TO GIVE DIRECTION:- The Administrator may, if he is of opinion that it is expedient in the public interest so to do, give such direction as he may deem necessary to the District Council, regarding the carrying in to execution of the provisions of this Act, and in particular regarding the allotment of land for the purposes of the government or for any other public purpose and the District Council, shall comply with such direction.
- 15. REPEAL AND SEVING:- (1) The Pai Lakher Autonomous Region (Agricultural Land) Act. 1959 (Act of 1960) (here in after referred to as the said Act) is here by repealed.(2) Notwithstanding such repeal and subject to the provisions of section 6, all actions taken or orders made or directions given under the provisions of the said Act shall be deemed to be taken, made or given under the respective provisions of this Act and subsequent action, if any, with regard to any such action or direction shall be in accordance with provision of this Act.